## Substitute Bill No. 5826

February Session, 2000

## An Act Concerning Paperless Arrest Warrants.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 54-2a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof:
  - (a) In all criminal cases the Superior Court, or any judge thereof, may issue (1) bench warrants of arrest upon application by a prosecutorial official if the court or judge determines that the affidavit accompanying the application shows that there is probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed and that the person complained against committed it, (2) subpoenas for witnesses, (3) capias for witnesses and for defendants who violate an order of the court regarding any court appearance, and (4) all other criminal process; and may administer justice in all criminal matters.
  - (b) The court or judge issuing a bench warrant for the arrest of the person or persons complained against [,] shall, in cases punishable by death or life imprisonment, set the conditions of release or indicate that the person or persons named in the warrant shall not be entitled to bail and may, in all other cases, set the conditions of release. The conditions of release, if included in the warrant, shall fix the first of the following conditions [,] which the court or judge finds necessary to assure such person's appearance in court: (1) Written promise to appear; (2) execution of a bond without surety in no greater amount than

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- 21 necessary; or (3) execution of a bond with surety in no greater amount 22 than necessary.
- 23 (c) In lieu of a warrant for the rearrest of any defendant who fails to 24 appear for trial at the place and time specified or on any court date 25 thereafter the court or judge may issue a capias.

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- (d) All process issued by said court or any judge thereof shall be served by any proper officer, or an indifferent person when specially directed to do so<sub>z</sub> and shall be obeyed by any and all persons and officers to whom the same is directed or whom it may concern.
- (e) Whenever an arrest warrant is issued under this section, the court or judge may cause such warrant to be entered into a central computer system. Existence of the warrant in the computer system shall constitute prima facie evidence of the issuance of the warrant.

  Any person named in the warrant may be arrested based on the existence of the warrant in the computer system and shall, upon any such arrest, be given a copy of the warrant.

JUD Committee Vote: Yea 39 Nay 0 JFS

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